



**Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018**  
**Digital Signal Processing**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.**

**PART – A**

1. a. Find the N-point DFT of sequence  $x(n) = a_n$ ,  $0 \leq n \leq N - 1$ . (06 Marks)  
 b. State and prove circular convolution property. (06 Marks)  
 c. Determine the DFT of the sequence  $x(n) = n^2$ ,  $0 \leq n \leq 7$ . (08 Marks)
  
2. a. A discrete time LTI system has impulse response  $h(n) = 2\delta(n) - \delta(n - 1) + 2\delta(n - 2)$ . Determine the output of the system if the input is  $x(n) = 4\delta(n) - 4\delta(n - 1) + 8\delta(n - 2) - 8\delta(n - 3)$ ; using circular convolution. (04 Marks)  
 b. Using overlap and save method, determine output  $y(n)$  of a filter whose impulse response is  $h(n) = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and input  $x(n) = \{1, -1, 2, -2, 3, -3, 4, -4\}$ . Use 6 point circular convolution. (10 Marks)  
 c. Consider the sequence  $x(n) = 2\delta(n) + 3\delta(n - 1) + 4\delta(n - 2) + 5\delta(n - 3)$ . Compute 6 point DFT of the sequence  $x(n)$ . Also determine the finite length sequence  $y(n)$ , that has 6 point DFT  $Y(K) = W_6^{4k} X(K)$ . (06 Marks)
  
3. a. Determine the 8-point DFT of sequence  $x(n) = 2(n + 1)$ , using DIF-FFT algorithm. Also plot magnitude and phase spectra. (12 Marks)  
 b. Develop DITFFT algorithm for decomposing the DFT for  $N = 9$  with flow diagrams. (08 Marks)
  
4. a. Determine IDFT using DIT-FFT for given frequency samples  $x(k) = \{0, 2 - j4.828, 0, 2 - j0.828, 0, 2 + j0.828, 0, 2 + j4.828\}$  (10 Marks)  
 b. Explain in-place computation technique in FFT algorithm. (05 Marks)  
 c. Calculate the number of multiplications and additions required in DFT and FFT, with 32 point sequence. Also find the speed improvement factor and number of stages. (05 Marks)

**PART – B**

5. a. Compare IIR & FIR filters. (04 Marks)  
 b. Explain the transformation of an analog normalized lowpass filter into analog lowpass, high pass filter using frequency transformation methods. (06 Marks)  
 c. A digital lowpass filter is required to meet the following specifications:  
 (i) Monotonic passband and stopband.  
 (ii)  $-3.01$  dB cutoff frequency of  $0.5\pi$  rad.  
 (iii) Stopband attenuation of atleast 15 dB at  $0.75\pi$  rad.  
 Find the system function  $H(z)$  and the difference equation realization. (10 Marks)
  
6. a. Derive the bilinear transformation for transforming an analog filter to a digital filter. (10 Marks)

b. Design a Butterworth analog highpass filter that will meet the following specifications.

- (i) maximum passband attenuation = 4 dB
- (ii) passband edge frequency = 400 rad/sec
- (iii) minimum stopband attenuation = 40 dB
- (iv) stopband edge frequency = 200 rad/sec.

(10 Marks)

7 a. Design a Chebyshev I filter to meet the following specifications:

- (i) Passband ripple :  $\leq 2$  dB
- (ii) Passband edge 1 rad/sec
- (iii) Stopband attenuation  $\geq 20$  dB
- (iv) Stopband edge 1.3 rad/sec

(10 Marks)

b. Determine the Butterworth polynomial of the order N = 5.

(10 Marks)

8 a. Obtain cascade realization for a system having the following system function :

$$H(z) = \frac{(z-1)(z-2)(z+1)z}{\left(z - \frac{1}{2} - j\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(z - \frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(z - j\frac{1}{4}\right)\left(z + j\frac{1}{4}\right)}$$

(05 Marks)

b. Obtain parallel realization for the given system

$$H(z) = \frac{(1+z^{-1})(1+2z^{-1})}{\left(1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{4}z^{-1}\right)\left(1+\frac{1}{8}z^{-1}\right)}$$

(05 Marks)

c. Realize an FIR linear phase filter for N even, and hence realize the following system filter

$$h(n) = \delta(n) + \frac{1}{16}\delta(n-1) - \frac{1}{32}\delta(n-2) + \frac{1}{16}\delta(n-3) + \delta(n-4)$$

(10 Marks)

\* \* \* \* \*